Stevnewood High Angle Battery

Commenced 1889 Completed 1893 Cost £ unknown **Map Reference** SZ 641869

Position Bembridge, East Isle of Wight

Type Coast Defence High Angle Fire

Ditch Firing trenches

Guns

Barrack Accom. 4 men in guard room or 1 caretaker

Present use Private residence

History Short use for coast defence

Disposal Disarmed 1899 Condition Fair, much remains

Access By appointment with owner

Precis of correspondence relating to Portsmouth prior **Sources**

to 1898 plans in PRO - WO78 2623

Armament

Proposed

6 x 9-inch 12 -ton High Angle mountings

Mounted 1896-1898

4 x 9-inch 12-ton High Angle mountings

6 x 9-inch 12-ton High Angle mountings

1899 disarmed

Caponiers None

Counterscarp

None

galleries

Haxo casemates None

Moncrieff Pits None

History and Description

Steynewood battery for 9-inch RML High Angle guns was built at Steynewood on the Isle of Wight overlooking the anchorage of St. Helens Roads and the approaches to the Nab Passage. Its purpose was to prevent ships lying off Sandown and bombarding Portsmouth Dockyard. The battery, constructed between 1889 and 1893, consisted of six gun emplacements in an arc, in three groups of two, with expense cartridge stores (formerly shelters) between each pair and shell stores, each seving three positions, between the centres guns and the outside pairs. It was built according to the new Twydall principles experimented with at Chatham in the construction of the new land forts there. It employed fire trenches with steel palisades in front of each pair of gun emplacements as protection against a frontal assault. A parados with a rearwards facing firing step ran across the battery separating the gun emplacements from a rear parade, or camping field. Another fire trench was extended around the rear of the fort. To the left of the entrance was a guard room which was also sutable for conversion to a caretaker's quarters. Four 9-inch H.A. R.M.L. guns were in place by 1893, but not yet mounted and by 1898 six were mounted with a proposal to add two more. In 1899 it was decided to disarm because 'it would not deter ships which would dare to face the powerful interior batteries. These guns are very slow in their fire and not very accurate'. The battery was sold off and has since been used as a private residence for two halves of the Thorncroft family, in whose possession it remains.

14/10/95 David Moore

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